

Concept: Solving Inequalities

Name:

COMPUTER COMPONENT

Instructions: In UMATH X follow the **Content Menu** path:

Equations > Solving Inequalities



Work through all Sub Lessons of the following Lessons **in order**:

- *Comparing Integers*
- *Inequalities*
- *Inequalities on the Number Line*
- *Solving Inequalities*
- *Solving Compound Inequalities*

Additional Required Materials: *Pencil Crayons*

NOTE: You will not be finishing the entire section before stopping to complete some **OFF COMPUTER EXERCISES**.



As you work through the computer exercises, you will be prompted to make notes in your notebook/math journal.

When you reach the end of the lesson *Solving Compound Inequalities* on the computer, move on to the **OFF COMPUTER EXERCISES** below.

NOTES:

Remember:

- Negative numbers are less than zero and less than positive numbers.
- 0 is less than positive numbers but greater than negative numbers.
- Positive numbers are greater than negative numbers and greater than zero.

Practice:

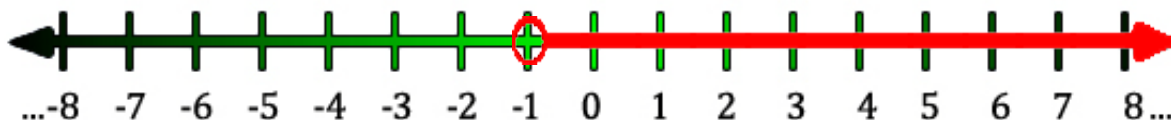
1. Mark where -7 and -4 are on the number line.



Fill in the inequality.

$$-7 \boxed{<} -4$$

2. A graph of the inequality is given below.



Fill in the inequality:

$$x \boxed{>} -1$$

3. Fill in the blanks.

Inequalities are mathematical **statements** involving the symbols

$>$ (**greater than**), $<$ (**less than**),

\geq (**greater than or equal to**), and

\leq (**less than or equal to**),

4. The solution to an **inequality** is a value that makes the inequality **true**.

5. When solving an inequality you can:

- Add the **same** quantity to **both** sides
- Subtract the **same** quantity from **both** sides
- Multiply or divide **both** sides by the same **positive** quantity
- If you multiply or divide **both** sides by a **negative** quantity, the

inequality **sign** must be **reversed**.

Remember: When one multiplies or divides by a negative

number, the inequality sign is reversed.

Example:

$$6 > 3 \quad (\text{True})$$

Multiply both sides by -3

$$6 \times (-3) > 3 \times (-3) \quad (\text{False})$$

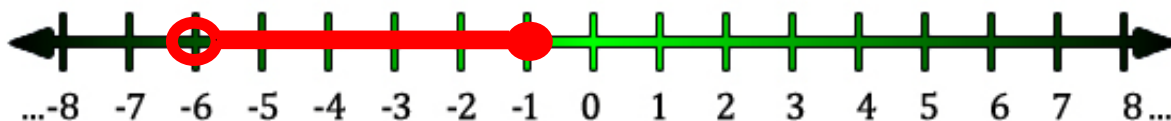
... but by reversing the sign:

$$6 \times (-3) < 3 \times (-3) \quad (\text{True})$$

Compound Inequalities are two inequalities joined by the terms 'and' or 'or'.

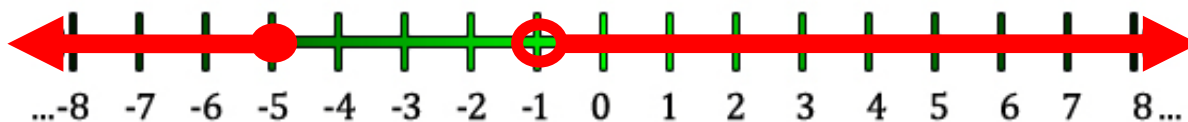
- A compound inequality contains the terms "and" or "or".
- A compound inequality with "and" is true only if both parts of it are true.

Example: Graph $x > -6$ and $x \leq 1$ (Hint: remember the open and closed dots)



- A compound inequality with "or" is true if one or both of its inequalities are true.

Example: Graph $x > 1$ or $x \leq -5$ (Hint: remember the open and closed dots)



OFF COMPUTER EXERCISES

1. Match the signs

- | | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| (a) | greater than | | | < |
| (b) | greater than or equal to | | | ≤ |
| (c) | less than | | | ≥ |
| (d) | less than or equal to | | | ≤ |

 2. Determine what values of x make each inequality true. *Graph each answer.*

(a)

$$x + 3 < 5$$

$$x + 3 - 3 < 5 - 3$$

$$x < 2$$

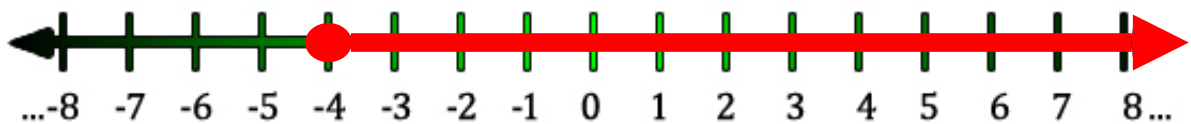


(b)

$$x \geq -1$$

$$\frac{4}{4}x \geq \frac{-1(4)}{4}$$

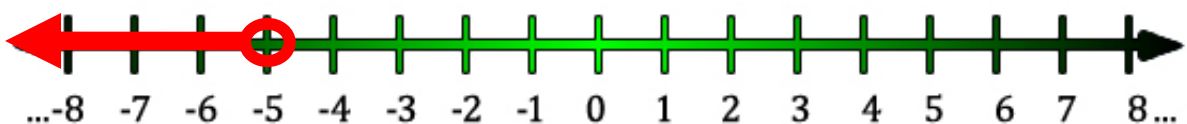
$$x \geq -4$$



(c)

$$4x - 1 > 5x + 4$$

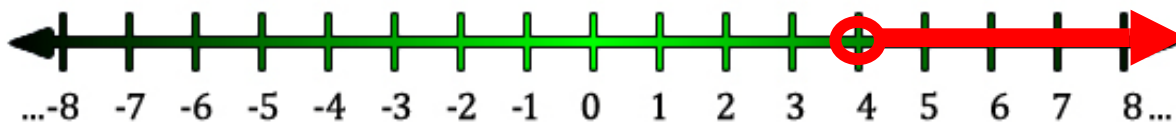
$$\begin{array}{l} +1) \\ -5x) \\ \times -1) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 4x > 5x + 5 \\ -x > 5 \\ x < -5 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{(d)} \quad 8x - 1 \leq 5x + 8 \\
 \quad -5x) \quad 3x - 1 \leq 8 \\
 \quad +1) \quad 3x \leq 9 \\
 \quad \div 3) \quad x \leq 3
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{(e)} \quad 3x - 3 < 5x - 11 \\
 \quad +3) \quad 3x < 5x - 8 \\
 \quad -5x) \quad -2x < -8 \\
 \quad \div -2) \quad x > 4
 \end{array}$$



3. For what values of w is $\frac{w}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \geq \frac{w}{2} - \frac{5}{4}$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{w}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \geq \frac{w}{2} - \frac{5}{4} \\
 \times 4) \quad w + 1 \geq 2w - 5 \\
 \quad -1) \quad w \geq 2w - 6 \\
 \quad -2w) \quad -w \geq -6 \\
 \quad \times -1) \quad w \leq 6
 \end{array}$$

4. Graph the following:

(a) $x > -2$ and $x \leq 5$



(b) $x \geq -2$ or $x < 6$

